

Balance

(Adjustable Span Type, with Upper Wire Rope and Ring)

LSB2H

Operation Manual

This operation manual explains the basic operation and handling of the clamps. Please read this manual carefully before use and observe the precautions for safe operation.

SUPER TOOL CO., LTD.

SUPER brand lifting clamps are energy-saving lifting equipment which have been developed for the purpose of transporting steel materials.

Proper use

Operate lifting clamps after carefully reading and understanding this instruction manual for enhancing efficiency and safety of operation.

Prime efficiency and economy

Advanced functions, reasonableness and versatile applications of finely and carefully designed **SUPER** lifting clamps ensure prime efficiency and economy.

Special considerations on safety

We conduct a pulling test with a load three times (or twice) of rated capacity and a manufacturing serial number is marked on each product, thus directing a special attention to safety.

Precautions for safety operation

(Pages 1~10 are common to all lifting clamp models)

Be sure to read this instruction manual carefully before use.

Mistaken use of lifting clamp may cause a danger such as dropping of load.

Education of "crane safety regulations," "operation manual for lifting clamp," "your company's operation standards," etc. should be given before actual operation not only to business owners who have purchased clamps but also to their operators to ensure that actual operators have acquired enough knowledge, safety information, and precautions of the clamps.

Safety precautions are divided into two classifications in this manual; "Warning" and "Caution,".



WARNING:

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION:

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in medium damage or slight injury, or could result in property damage.

While only mentioned in \(\triangle CAUTION \), failure to comply with them still may lead to a serious disaster. As such, do not fail to pay attention both to WARNING and CAUTION which are of great importance.

Meanings of Signs

The signs of \bigcirc and \triangle indicate that precautions should be taken.

The contents of warning or caution are described at each sign.

The sign of \indicates prohibited actions.

The sign of **()** indicates that an action is enforced or instructed.

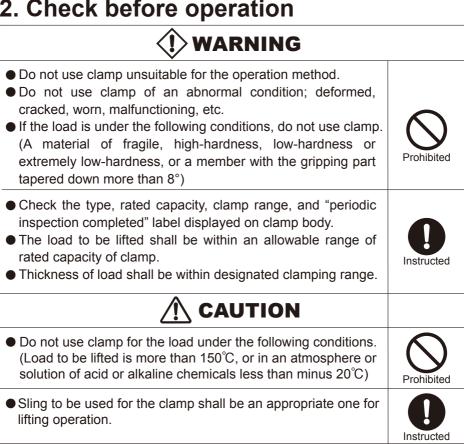
Two point lift for \bigwedge righthand figure.

* After reading this manual, make sure to keep it at a place of easy access by any users.

1. Handling in general

(I) WARNING		
 Do not operate until the contents of the operation manual, and caution tag/plate are thoroughly read and understood. Do not operate without a legal qualification. Be sure to clear of the area of the operation for lifting or turning a load against possible drop off or fall over. Do not use for other than intended purpose. 	Prohibited	
 Make sure to execute an inspection periodically and before each operation. 	Instructed	

2. Check before operation



3. Lifting operation

(!) WARNING

- Do not use clamp, lifting at one point.
 (excluding special or custom ordered products)
- Do not use the clamp in the following ways of lifting: lifting of two or more individual objects at one time. (overlapped loads, padded load etc., or side gripping)
- Do not use the clamp for pulling out steel plate sheet from the steel sheet pile or for vertical lifting of the sheet.
- Do not use the clamp when strong wind may threaten to cause any danger.
- Do not use the clamp for a hydraulic shovel.





- Install two or more clamps in a balanced way to keep the balance of load.
- The lifting angle of the clamps and the dividing angle should be kept within the allowable angles according to types.
- Load should be inserted to the innermost end of the jaw opening.
- When you use the clamp with a lock mechanism, never fail to have the lock engaged.





- If oil, paint, scale, rust, etc. are on the gripping pad, do not use the clamp.
- Do not drop clamp or drag on the ground.



4. Operation of a crane

(!) WARNING

- Never lift a load exceeding the rated capacity.
- Do not operate a crane in such a way as to give an impact to the load or the clamp.
- Do not allow a person to stand on the load or to carry him.
- Do not lift a load which is not free from any other objects.
- Do not release the lock of clamp while lifting load.
- Avoid unintended contact by load to an adjacent member or to the clamp, which has been removed from the load.



- Stop the lifting operation by crane for a moment when the load is applied to the lifting ring for safety checking. (depth of the load into the clamp opening; status of locking).
- Stop the operation of the crane just before the load reaches the ground, and check the following matters: (Inclination or falling over of the load and security around the landing area of the load)



! CAUTION

- Do not operate the crane in such a way as to drag the load along the ground.
- Do not leave the crane (or winder, etc.) unattended from an operating position while keeping the load lifted with the clamp.



 Raising and lowering operation by crane should be done slowly and carefully.



5. Maintenance, storage and alteration

(!) WARNING

- Never alter the clamp and its accessories.
- Do not apply welding or heat to the clamp or its accessories.
- Do not use any other parts than our company's genuine parts.
- Clamps which require the repair should be stored at a different place so that they are not used mistakenly.



- Persons with specialized knowledge designated by the business owner are to conduct maintenance and repairing work.
- When any abnormality with the clamp is found, do not use it and immediately repair or dispose.
- Remove, if any, paint or mud sticking to the moving parts of the clamp, cams, and pads.



! CAUTION

- Conduct maintenance and repairing without any load attached.
- Conduct maintenance and repairing after posting a sign indicating that you're on the maintenance work.
- Never fail to lubricate oil on the rotating parts of the clamp (around the pins), guide grooves, sliding parts, etc.
- Be sure to store clamps indoor.



■ General warning for use (common to all lifting clamp models)

- 1. Be sure to select proper model clamps for use.

 Pay special attentions to keep the lifting direction (rope angle).
- 2. Confirm the weight of the load. Do not exceed maximum capacity (designated ton) on clamps. (Never overload.)
- 3. Before use, confirm followings:
 - (a) Proper capacity of clamps.
 - (b) No abnormal movements of clamp or loosening of any bolts.
 - (c) No oil or other foreign matters on the surface of the cam and pad.
- 4. Never use for load beyond the clamp range.
- 5. When installing clamps, insert a lifting load completely until it comes in contact with the deepest of the jaw opening of main body.
- 6. Depending on the model or capacity of the clamp, the cam teeth may not bite a load sufficiently when the load is a hard or light weight material (Less than 1/5 of maximum capacity or less than 1/4 of maximum clamp range). Confirm the condition of clamp for safety.
- 7. Confirm that the safety lock is completely engaged in case clamp has a built-in lock.
- 8. Confirm that the load is well balanced. Determine the clamp position or the center of gravity of the rope properly. It is especially important to determine the horizontal center of gravity.
- 9. When lifting at 2 points, be sure to use two wire ropes, and make them equal length. (Fig. A)

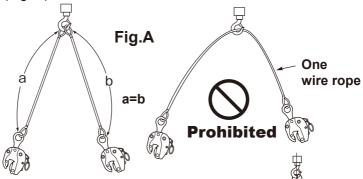


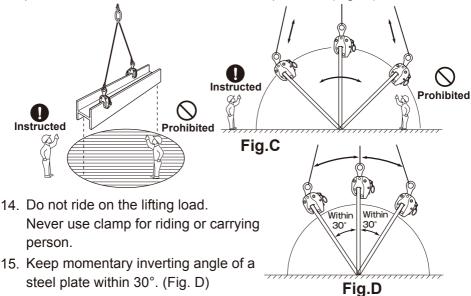
Fig.B

Within 60

10. When lifting at 2 points, keep the lifting angle within 60°. (Fig. B)

(Follow the standards if lifting angle is specified depending on items.) If the load is long, use a balance.

- 11. Never lift two or more steel plates or steel members at a time.
- 12. The load may move to an unexpected direction when lifted off the ground and as such confirm the center of gravity and the clamping position for safety when raising. Sufficient caution should be taken until the clamp with the load becomes completely balanced.
- 13. When changing directions of the load or any similar operations, all personnel must be clear of the area of operation. (Fig. C)



- 16. Before operation, the surface of load must always be clean and free of scale, coatings or other foreign matters that will reduce clamping force significantly.
- 17. When raising, special attention must be given to prevent the rope from loosening by its unintended contact with any other objects.
- 18. When raising again after the load is put on ground, reconfirm the clamp condition.
- 19. Do not use clamp for heated load or in a corrosion liquid because safety factor and durability will be reduced in such conditions.
- 20. Do not alter clamp by welding, cutting by gas or by any other modification.
- 21. Do not weld electrically a load while being lifted by clamp.
- 22. Conduct daily maintenance and lubrication.

■ Maintenance and Inspection

1. Maintenance

Daily maintenance is important for efficient and safe operation even under the severe use condition and for such purposes, please comply with the followings.

- (1) Designate the use standards and control.
- (2) Keep clamps indoor and do not leave them outdoor.
- (3) Check the followings to maintain in a good condition.
 - (a) Operating condition.
 - (b) Any abrasion, damage, or clogging at teeth of cam and pad.
 - (c) Deformation of main body at jaw opening in particular.
- (4) Separate conforming clamps and other hazardous items identified during use or inspection and designate the defective sections. Perform maintenance any soon.
- (5) For the storage, place soft material as wooden chip in-between cam and pad to protect the teeth.
- (6) Perform inspection and maintenance once a week by referring to "Inspection Standards". Lubricate sliding sections periodically. (However, remove oil at teeth of cam and pad.)

2. Periodic Inspection

Perform periodic inspection in accordance with the periodic inspection and maintenance standards. Functions and life of clamps may differ in a great degree as they are used in varieties of fields under different conditions of use. Therefore, preparation and practice of effective handling/inspection standards manual by users themselves are recommended. We ask you to establish complete maintenance and control for assurance of safety in reference to our Manufacturer's Inspection Standards of our clamp. Clamp is designed for easy replacement of parts and therefore, do not fail to replace defective parts. Also, keeping spare parts at all times is recommended. For your preparation of the standards, pay special attention to the followings.

- (1) Operation and maintenance standards
 - (a) Preparation of use criteria (shape of load and operating methods).
 - (b) Thorough understanding and compliance of cautions on handling.
 - (c) Maintenance and storage.
 - (d) Rules of inspection and check at site.

- (2) Standards on periodic inspection
 - (A) Establishing dates of periodic inspection.
 - (B) Establishing inspection and maintenance methods.
 - (a) Inspecting period.
 - (b) Person in charge of the inspection.
 - (c) Inspection site.
 - (d) Tools and devices for inspection.
 - (e) Establishment of permissible limit of use.
 - (f) Explicit designation of maintenance and repair methods.

3. Manufacturer's inspection method

Our company's inspection procedures are as follow.

Check for

- (1) Movements.
- (2) Wear, loss, and/or clogging of/at the teeth of the cam and screw.
- (3) Deformation of main body.
- (4) Deformation of shackle.
- (5) The status of bolts, pins, links and springs.
- (6) Deep scratches in general.
- (7) Other checking items based on the Standards.

Lifting angle and rated load of wire rope

The maximum rated capacity of wire ropes also differs according to the lifting angle. Therefore, after paying attention to the lifting angle, always use wire ropes with the appropriate diameter.

Correlation table between the lifting angle and the applicable load for wire rope (for 2-point lifting)

■JIS G 3525 6×24 A type					
D wire rope diameter	W rated load (for 1 single rope) [Safety factor] S=6	0.	30:-	-60	
		(Change in % of the	lifting capacity rate accordi	ng to the lifting angle)	
		100%	96%	86%	
(mm)	(ton)	Maximum allow	vable load (rated load) for 2	wire ropes (ton)	
6	0.30	0.60	0.57	0.51	
8	0.53	1.07	1.03	0.92	
9	0.67	1.35	1.30	1.16	
10	0.83	1.67	1.61	1.44	
12	1.20	2.41	2.32	2.08	
14	1.64	3.28	3.15	2.83	
16	2.14	4.28	4.12	3.69	
18	2.72	5.44	5.23	4.69	
20	3.35	6.70	6.44	5.77	
22	4.06	8.12	7.81	7.00	
24	4.82	9.65	9.28	8.32	
26	5.66	11.3	10.8	9.76	
28	6.58	13.1	12.6	11.3	
30	7.55	15.1	14.5	13.0	
32	8.58	17.1	16.5	14.8	
36	10.8	21.7	20.8	18.7	
40	13.4	26.8	25.8	23.1	

Calculation formula of a wire rope diameter and rated load (for 1 single rope)

* Refer to the calculated values as rough indications.

D= √W×C

② $W = \frac{D^2}{C}$

D= wire rope dia. (mm)
W= rated load (ton)
C= 120 (constant)
(with Safety factor S = 6)

★ When looking for the required wire rope diameter to lift a 3 ton load

① $D = \sqrt{W \times C}$ $D = \sqrt{3 \times 120} = \sqrt{360} = 19 \rightarrow$ **20**mm

- ★ When looking for the maximum capacity (rated load) of a wire rope with 12mm diameter
- ② $W = \frac{D^2}{C}$ $W = \frac{12^2}{120} = \frac{144}{120} = 1.2 \rightarrow$ 1.2ton



Balance

(Adjustable Span Type, with Upper Wire Rope and Ring)

LSB2H

Operation Manual and Inspection Standards





Uses

This balance is specially designed for lifting long objects.

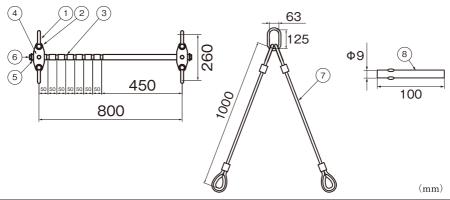
■ Features

- 1. Improves the efficiency of laying operation and maximizes the capacity of the lifting tool.
- 2. Designed for safe operation without straining the lifting tool.

Specifications

Item No.	Rated Capacity (ton)	Span Adjustment Range(mm)	Net Weight(kg)
LSB2H	2	450,500,550,600 650,700,750,800	20 (Main body:15)

■ Main Dimensions and Replacement Parts



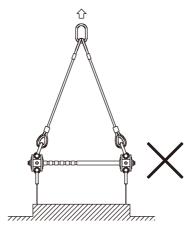
Part No.	Part Name	Q'ty(pc)	Part No.	Part Name	Q'ty(pc)
1	Shackle	4	5	Washer	2
2	Connecting link	2	6	Stop bolt	2
3	Bar	1	7	Upper wire rope	1
4	Lock bolt	4	8	Handle for installing lock bolt	

■ How to use

- 1. Set the wire rope on the main body of the balance.
- 2. Install the crane hook to the lifting ring of wire rope, and set the lifting tool to the shackle (①) on the lower part of the main body of the balance.
- 3. Depending on the length of the load to be lifted, loosen the lock bolt (4) and move the connecting link (2) to the groove position appropriate for the length of the load to be lifted. Then tighten the lock bolt (7) again with the handle (8) to adjust the length.

Warning

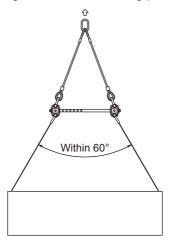
◆ Use within the rated capacity. In particular, when lifting a fixed load, an extremely large force is applied, causing damage of lifting tool.



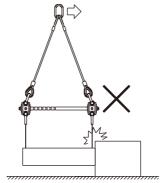
◆Be sure to lift the load at two points so that the center of gravity of the load is on the center line of the balance.



◆Keep the lifting angle of the lower lifting point within 60°.



When lifting and moving, special attention must be given to prevent the lifting tool and the load from its unintended contact with any other objects.



- ◆When lifting and moving, all personnel must be clear of the area under the lifting tool and the load and in the moving direction.
- ◆Do not drop the load or apply shock to the load or lifting clamp.
- ◆Do not alter clamp by welding, cutting by gas or by any other modification.

DAYLY INSPECTION

Conduct daily checks and maintenance to prevent the loss of safety and efficiency.

- 1. Check that there are no cracks or deformation at the bar, connecting link and shackle.
- 2. Check for wear of the lifting ring or installing hole of shackle.
- 3. Refer to other inspection standards.

■ INSPECTION STANDARDS FOR LSB2H

Item	Inspection method	Limit of use	Main causes	Remedy
	Visually check to find cracks.	When found visually.	Impossible lifting angle	
Bar	Visually check or measure to find bending or deformation.	When the degree of deformation exceeds 8mm.	Sudden shock load Overload	Discard
Lifting Ring	Visually check or use color dyes to find cracks. Check for wear or deformation.	When found cracks. When the degree of wear exceeds 10%. When the degree of deformation exceeds 5%.	Impossible lifting angle Sudden shock load Overload	Replace
Wire Rope	Visually check or measure to find bending or deformation. Check for wear of wire diameter. Check for cracks or broken bare wire. Check for rope kink. Check for rust.	When found visually. When the degree of wear exceeds 10%. These are in accordance with wire rope inspection standards of JIS Standard.	Impossible lifting angle Sudden shock load Overload Natural wear	Replace
Con- nect- ing Link	Visually check to find cracks. Check for wear or deformation of shackle mounting holes and bar insertion holes.	When found cracks on the welding part or others. When the diameter of hole is 1mm larger than the standard diameter. Standard diameter φ18 Limit diameter φ19 Standard diameter φ32 Limit diameter φ33	Impossible lifting angle Sudden shock load Overload	Replace

Item	Inspection method	Limit of use	Main causes	Remedy
	Visually check or use color dyes to find cracks.	When found visually.	Sudden shock load Overload	
Shackle	Visually check or measure to find bending or deformation.	When the degree of deformation exceeds 8%.	Natural wear Insufficient lubrication	Replace
	Measure wear of lifting point.	When the degree of wear exceeds 10%.		
	Measure wear of bolt or hole.	When the degree of wear exceeds 10%.		