

# **Vertical Lifting Clamp**

## (Open Lock Type)

## SVC

## **Operation Manual**

This operation manual explains the basic operation and handling of the clamps. Please read this manual carefully before use and observe the precautions for safe operation.

#### SUPER TOOL CO., LTD.

SUPER brand lifting clamps are energy-saving lifting equipment which have been developed for the purpose of transporting steel materials.

#### Proper use

Operate lifting clamps after carefully reading and understanding this instruction manual for enhancing efficiency and safety of operation.

#### Prime efficiency and economy

Advanced functions, reasonableness and versatile applications of finely and carefully designed Super lifting clamps ensure prime efficiency and economy.

#### Special considerations on safety

We conduct a pulling test with a load three times (or twice) of rated capacity and a manufacturing serial number is marked on each product, thus directing a special attention to safety.

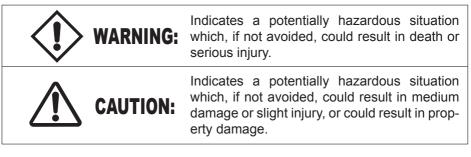
## Precautions for safety operation

#### (Pages 1~10 are comon to all lifting clamp models) Be sure to read this instruction manual carefully before use.

Mistaken use of lifting clamp may cause a danger such as dropping of load.

Education of "crane safety regulations," "operation manual for lifting clamp," "your company's operation standards," etc. should be given before actual operation not only to business owners who have purchased clamps but also to their operators to ensure that actual operators have acquired enough knowledge, safety information, and precautions of the clamps.

Safety precautions are divided into two classifications in this manual; "Warning" and "Caution,".



While only mentioned in ACAUTION, failure to comply with them still may lead to a serious disaster. As such, do not fail to pay attention both to WARNING and CAUTION which are of great importance.

#### **Meanings of Signs**

The signs of () and () indicate that precautions should be taken. The contents of warning or caution are described at each sign.

The sign of  $\bigotimes$  indicates prohibited actions.

The sign of **()** indicates that an action is enforced or instructed.

Two point lift for  $\bigwedge$  righthand figure.

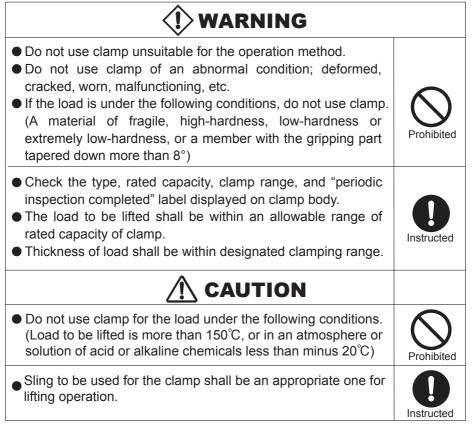
% After reading this manual, make sure to keep it at a place of easy access by any users.

## 1. Handling in general



- Do not operate until the contents of the operation manual, and caution tag/plate are thoroughly read and understood.
- Do not operate without a legal qualification.
- Be sure to clear of the area of the operation for lifting or turning a load against possible drop off or fall over.
- Do not use for other than intended purpose.
- Make sure to execute an inspection periodically and before each operation.

## 2. Check before operation



Instructed

## 3. Lifting operation

<b>WARNING</b>	
<ul> <li>Do not use clamp, lifting at one point. (excluding special or custom ordered products)</li> <li>Do not use the clamp in the following ways of lifting: lifting of two or more individual objects at one time. (overlapped loads, padded load etc., or side gripping)</li> <li>Do not use the clamp for pulling out steel plate sheet from the steel sheet pile or for vertical lifting of the sheet.</li> <li>Do not use the clamp when strong wind may threaten to cause any danger.</li> <li>Do not use the clamp for a hydraulic shovel.</li> </ul>	Prohibited
<ul> <li>Install two or more clamps in a balanced way to keep the balance of load.</li> </ul>	Two point lift
<ul> <li>The lifting angle of the clamps and the dividing angle should be kept within the allowable angles according to types. Load should be inserted to the innermost end of the jaw opening.</li> <li>When you use the clamp with a lock mechanism, never fail to have the lock engaged.</li> </ul>	Instructed
<b>CAUTION</b>	
<ul> <li>If oil, paint, scale, rust, etc. are on the gripping pad, do not use the clamp.</li> <li>Do not drop clamp or drag on the ground.</li> </ul>	Prohibited

### 4. Operation of a crane

## ᡗ WARNING

- Never lift a load exceeding the rated capacity.
- Do not operate a crane in such a way as to give an impact to the load or the clamp.
- Do not allow a person to stand on the load or to carry him.
- Do not lift a load which is not free from any other objects.
- Do not release the lock of clamp while lifting load.
- Avoid unintended contact by load to an adjacent member or to the clamp, which has been removed from the load.



- Stop the lifting operation by crane for a moment when the load is applied to the lifting ring for safety checking. (depth of the load into the clamp opening; status of locking).
- Stop the operation of the crane just before the load reaches the ground, and check the following matters: (Inclination or falling over of the load and security around the landing area of the load)
- Do not operate the crane in such a way as to drag the load along the ground.
- Do not leave the crane (or winder, etc.) unattended from an operating position while keeping the load lifted with the clamp.
- Raising and lowering operation by crane should be done slowly and carefully.

## 5. Maintenance, storage and alteration

CAUTION

# WARNING Never alter the clamp and its accessories. Do not apply welding or heat to the clamp or its accessories. Do not use any other parts than our company's genuine parts. Clamps which require the repair should be stored at a different place so that they are not used mistakenly.

- Persons with specialized knowledge designated by the business owner are to conduct maintenance and repairing work.
- When any abnormality with the clamp is found, do not use it and immediately repair or dispose.
- Remove, if any, paint or mud sticking to the moving parts of the clamp, cams, and pads.

## 

- Conduct maintenance and repairing without any load attached.
   Conduct maintenance and repairing after posting a sign indicating that you're on the maintenance work.
- Never fail to lubricate oil on the rotating parts of the clamp (around the pins), guide grooves, sliding parts, etc.
- Be sure to store clamps indoor.



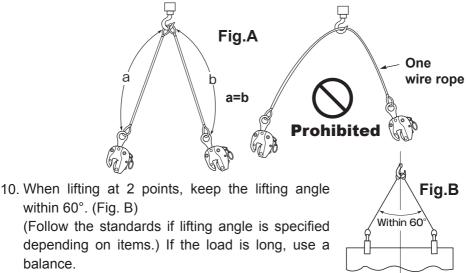




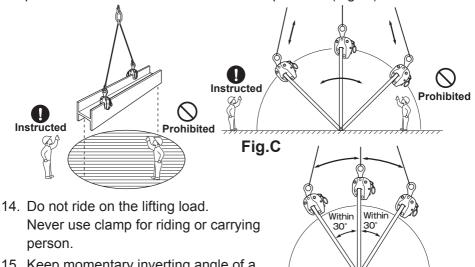


#### General warning for use (comon to all lifting clamp models)

- 1. Be sure to select proper model clamps for use. Pay special attentions to keep the lifting direction (rope angle).
- 2. Confirm the weight of the load. Do not exceed maximum capacity (designated ton) on clamps. (Never overload.)
- 3. Before use, confirm followings:
  - (a) Proper capacity of clamps.
  - (b) No abnormal movements of clamp or loosening of any bolts.
  - (c) No oil or other foreign matters on the surface of the cam and pad.
- 4. Never use for load beyond the clamp range.
- 5. When installing clamps, insert a lifting load completely until it comes in contact with the deepest of the jaw opening of main body.
- 6. Depending on the model or capacity of the clamp, the cam teeth may not bite a load sufficiently when the load is a hard or light weight material (Less than 1/5 of maximum capacity or less than 1/4 of maximum clamp range). Confirm the condition of clamp for safety.
- 7. Confirm that the safety lock is completely engaged in case clamp has a built-in lock.
- 8. Confirm that the load is well balanced. Determine the clamp position or the center of gravity of the rope properly. It is especially important to determine the horizontal center of gravity.
- 9. When lifting at 2 points, be sure to use two wire ropes, and make them equal length. (Fig. A)



- 11. Never lift two or more steel plates or steel members at a time.
- 12. The load may move to an unexpected direction when lifted off the ground and as such confirm the center of gravity and the clamping position for safety when raising. Sufficient caution should be taken until the clamp with the load becomes completely balanced.
- 13. When changing directions of the load or any similar operations, all personnel must be clear of the area of operation. (Fig. C)



 Keep momentary inverting angle of a steel plate within 30°. (Fig. D)

Fig.D

- 16. Before operation, the surface of load must always be clean and free of scale, coatings or other foreign matters that will reduce clamping force significantly.
- 17. When raising, special attention must be given to prevent the rope from loosening by its unintended contact with any other objects.
- 18. When raising again after the load is put on ground, reconfirm the clamp condition.
- 19. Do not use clamp for heated load or in a corrosion liquid because safety factor and durability will be reduced in such conditions.
- 20. Do not alter clamp by welding, cutting by gas or by any other modification.
- 21. Do not weld electrically a load while being lifted by clamp.
- 22. Conduct daily maintenance and lubrication.

#### Maintenance and Inspection

#### 1. Maintenance

Daily maintenance is important for efficient and safe operation even under the severe use condition and for such purposes, please comply with the followings.

- (1) Designate the use standards and control.
- (2) Keep clamps indoor and do not leave them outdoor.
- (3) Check the followings to maintain in a good condition.
  - (a) Operating condition.
  - (b) Any abrasion, damage, or clogging at teeth of cam and pad.
  - (c) Deformation of main body at jaw opening in particular.
- (4) Separate conforming clamps and other hazardous items identified during use or inspection and designate the defective sections. Perform maintenance any soon.
- (5) For the storage, place soft material as wooden chip in-between cam and pad to protect the teeth.
- (6) Perform inspection and maintenance once a week by referring to "Inspection Standards". Lubricate sliding sections periodically. (However, remove oil at teeth of cam and pad.)

#### 2. Periodic Inspection

Perform periodic inspection in accordance with the periodic inspection and maintenance standards. Functions and life of clamps may differ in a great degree as they are used in varieties of fields under different conditions of use. Therefore, preparation and practice of effective handling/inspection standards manual by users themselves are recommended. We ask you to establish complete maintenance and control for assurance of safety in reference to our Manufacturer's Inspection Standards of our clamp. Clamp is designed for easy replacement of parts and therefore, do not fail to replace defective parts. Also, keeping spare parts at all times is recommended. For your preparation of the standards, pay special attention to the followings.

- (1) Operation and maintenance standards
  - (a) Preparation of use criteria (shape of load and operating methods).
  - (b) Thorough understanding and compliance of cautions on handling.
  - (c) Maintenance and storage.
  - (d) Rules of inspection and check at site.

- (2) Standards on periodic inspection
  - (A) Establishing dates of periodic inspection.
  - (B) Establishing inspection and maintenance methods.
    - (a) Inspecting period.
    - (b) Person in charge of the inspection.
    - (c) Inspection site.
    - (d) Tools and devices for inspection.
    - (e) Establishment of permissible limit of use.
    - (f) Explicit designation of maintenance and repair methods.

#### 3. Manufacturer's inspection method

Our company's inspection procedures are as follow.

Check for

- (1) Movements.
- (2) Wear, loss, and/or clogging of/at the teeth of the cam and screw.
- (3) Deformation of main body.
- (4) Deformation of shackle.
- (5) The status of bolts, pins, links and springs.
- (6) Deep scratches in general.
- (7) Other checking items based on the Standards.

#### Lifting angle and rated load of wire rope

The maximum rated capacity of wire ropes also differs according to the lifting angle. Therefore, after paying attention to the lifting angle, always use wire ropes with the appropriate diameter.

#### Correlation table between the lifting angle and the applicable load for wire rope (for 2-point lifting)

#### ■JIS G 3525 6×24 A type

■JI3 G 3323 0×24 A type				
D wire rope diameter	W rated load (for 1 single rope) (Safety factor) S=6	a,	30-	-60
		(Change in % of the	lifting capacity rate accordi	ng to the lifting angle)
		100%	96%	86%
(mm)	(ton)	Maximum allow	able load (rated load) for 2	wire ropes (ton)
6	0.30	0.60	0.57	0.51
8	0.53	1.07	1.03	0.92
9	0.67	1.35	1.30	1.16
10	0.83	1.67	1.61	1.44
12	1.20	2.41	2.32	2.08
14	1.64	3.28	3.15	2.83
16	2.14	4.28	4.12	3.69
18	2.72	5.44	5.23	4.69
20	3.35	6.70	6.44	5.77
22	4.06	8.12	7.81	7.00
24	4.82	9.65	9.28	8.32
26	5.66	11.3	10.8	9.76
28	6.58	13.1	12.6	11.3
30	7.55	15.1	14.5	13.0
32	8.58	17.1	16.5	14.8
36	10.8	21.7	20.8	18.7
40	13.4	26.8	25.8	23.1

#### Calculation formula of a wire rope diameter and rated load (for 1 single rope)

\* Refer to the calculated values as rough indications.

(1) 
$$D = \sqrt{W \times C}$$

(2) 
$$W = \frac{D^2}{C}$$

D= wire rope dia. (mm) W= rated load (ton) C= 120 (constant) (with Safety factor S = 6)  $\star$  When looking for the required wire rope diameter to lift a 3 ton load

(1)  $D = \sqrt{W \times C}$ 

D=√3×120=√360=19→

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20mm
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★ When looking for the maximum capacity (rated load) of a wire rope with 12mm diameter

ⓐ 
$$W = \frac{D^2}{C}$$
  
 $W = \frac{12^2}{120} = \frac{144}{120} = 1.2 \rightarrow$  **1.2**ton



## Vertical Lifting Clamp (Open Lock Type)



**Operation Manual and Inspection Standards** 



## Vertical Lifting Clamp (Open Lock Type) SVC

#### Uses

Standard design clamps for vertical lifting of steel plates, etc.

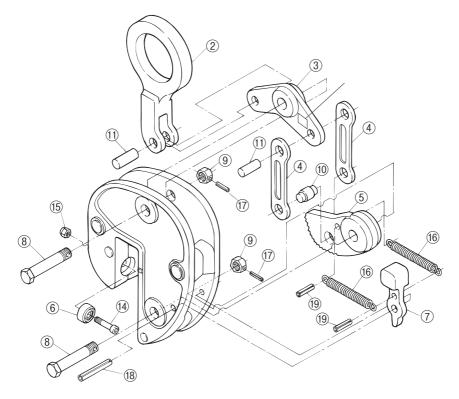
#### Features

- 1. In proportion to the lifting load, the fastening force becomes larger and the circular cam clamps more firmly.
- 2. Even after the load lands and the wire loosens, the circular cam does not come off, because the constant initial load always works by a spring.
- 3. The cam cannot be lifted unless the stopper is released, because it is held in the open state by the stopper. That can confirm the safety.
- 4. All of the main components are protected by main body with few protrusions, and that realize outstanding operability.
- 5. The main parts are mold forged products of special alloy steel processed with optimal heat treatment, and thus strong and durable.

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Item No.	Rated Capacity (ton)	Clamp Range (mm)	Net Weight (kg)
SVC 0.5	0.5	0~19	1.5
SVC 1	1	0~25	3.0
SVC 2	2	0~32	6.0
SVC 3	3	0~38	9.0
SVC 5	5	0~50	18.0

#### Specifications

#### REPLACEMENT PARTS AND ASSEMBLIES



Part No. Part Name		Item No.	Set Q'ty
	Shackle		
2	Support pin for shackle	SVCH	1
11	Spherical Based Cam	SVCY	1
	LINK ASSEMBLY	SVL	
3	L-shape link	SVCL	1
4	I-shape link	SVCI	2
11	Connection pin for link	SVCY	1
8	Support bolt	SVCX	1
9	Support nut		1
17 Spring for support nut		SVCD	1
CAM ASSEMBLY		SVT	
5	Cam	SVCT	1
19	19 Spring pin for spring		1
8	Support bolt SVCX		1
9	Support nut	3007	1
17	Spring for support nut	SVCD	1
10	Connection pin for cam	SVCK	1

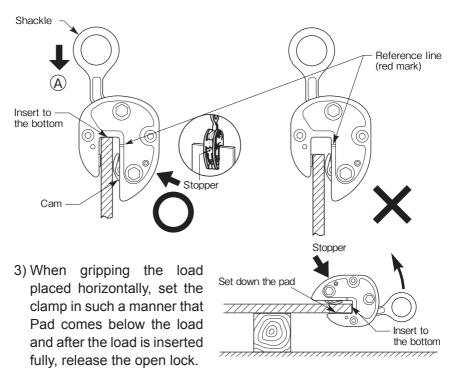
Part No.	Part Name	Item No.	Set Q'ty
PA	AD ASSEMBLY	SVP	
6	Pad	SVCP	1
14	Hex. hole head bolt	SVCV	1
15	Nylon nut	3000	1
STOPPER ASSEMBLY		SVR	
7 Stopper		SVCR	1
19	Spring pin for spring	SVCQ	1
18	Spring pin for stopper	SVCU	1
16	Spring for cam	SVCS	2

- 1) When ordering, specify the rated capacity (ton) of item No.
  - (Example: Cam for SVC3 is SVT3)
- 2) Periodic lubrication is required at pin and working portion.

#### How to use

#### **1.OPERATION METHOD**

- 1) Push down Shackle to A and Cam retreats into Main body of clamp and Stopper is applied to keep the open lock position.
- 2) When clamping, make sure to insert the load sufficiently deeper than the red mark till it touches the end and push Stopper to release the open lock.

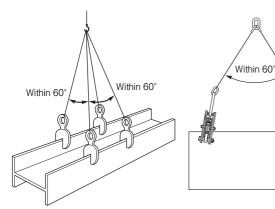


If lifted without releasing Stopper, the load may fall off, resulting in an accident and or the damage of clamp. So, please be cautious.

4) When detaching the load, follow the procedure 1).

#### 2. OPERATION PATTERNS

① Keep the lifting angle as follows when lifting.





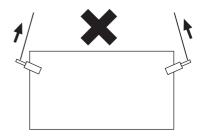
When lifting a pipe, make sure to position the cam inside to face each other and lift at 2 or more points.

The minimum dia. of pipes for lifting is as per table below.

#### Minimum dia. pipes for vertical lifting

Capacity (ton)	0.5	1	2	3	5
Min. inside dia. of steel pipes (mm)	φ300	φ 300	φ400	φ600	φ600

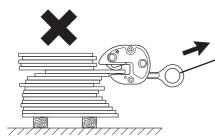
 ② Never clamp steel plate sideway like the picture on the right.
 (The clamp might turn around and detach from the work to lift)



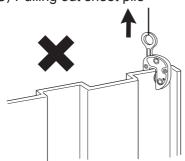
③ Never lift more than one plate simultaneously.



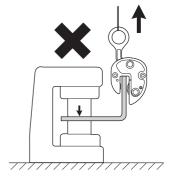
- ④ Never use the clamps like below (The clamp might deform or break)
  - (A) Pulling out a plate from a stack



(C) Pulling out sheet pile



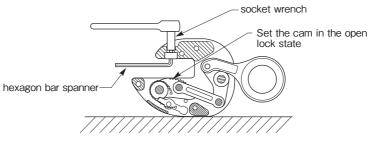
(B) Pulling or bending of iron plate by using a press.



#### 3. DISASSEMBLING AND ASSEMBLING

1.Pad

#### A. Disassembling



#### B. Assembling

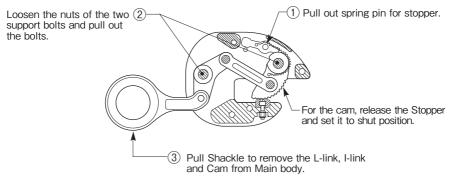
Perform the reverse procedure of Disassembling.

#### 2. Cam and others

#### A. Disassembling

With the stopper released, pull out Spring pin holding Stopper, then pull out Spring pins of the two Support bolts. Loosen the nuts and pull out Support bolts. Pull Shackle to remove the L-Link, I-Link and Cam from Main body.

The removed part can be disassembled by pulling out Connecting pin.



#### B. Assembling

Perform the reverse procedure of Disassembling.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Use within the rated capacity.
- ♦ Use within the clamp range.
- ◆ Do not use for any objects other than steel materials.
- Do not use for hard (30 HRC or higher) load.
- Lifting is not allowed for a load tapering down in upward direction.
- Do not apply shock to the load or lifting clamp.
- Do not lift more than one plate.
- Before using the product, be sure to check for clogging and wear of the teeth of the cam, screw and any other parts.
- Do not alter. Heating, modifying, etc. will significantly reduce the quality (strength).

#### OTHER:

Inquiries for Repair Parts and Repair.
 If repair parts or repairs are required, stop using this clamp and contact your distributor.

#### DAILY INSPECTION:

Conduct daily checks and maintenance to prevent the loss of safety and efficiency.

- 1. Check that there are no cracks at the body, cam, or wire rope holes.
- 2. Check if the movement and lubrication condition of each part are good.
- 3. Check for wear, loss, or clogging of the teeth of the cam and screw.
- 4. Refer to other inspection standards.

#### **INSPECTION STANDARDS FOR SVC**

Item	Inspection method	Limit of use	Remedy
	Visually check or use color dyes to find cracks. Measure the jaw opening.	When found visually. When the difference between "A" and "B", for a depth of 100mm, exceeds 5mm (5%).	
Body	Check for wear or deformation of hole of Support bolts.	When the diameter of any part of circumference of any hole exceeds the respective size in the table below. $\frac{\text{Rated capacity(ton)} \ 0.5 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 5}{A(\text{mm}) \ 10.5 \ 12.5 \ 17.0 \ 20.5 \ 26.0}$	Discard
	Visually check or measure to find deformation or play.	When the difference of "A"and "B" exceeds 2mm.	
	Visually check and measure the degree of wear.	When the length of wear exceeds 0.5mm.	
	Visually check or use color dyes to find cracks at the bottom cam teeth.	When found visually.	
Cam Pad	Visually check for broken teeth.	When any broken tooth is found.	Replace
	Measure wear or deformation of holes of Pins	When the diameter of any part of circumference of any hole exceeds the respective size in the table below.	
		Rated (capacity (ton)         0.5         1         2         3         5           (ton)         9.5         12.0         15.5         18.5         22.5           B(mm)         10.5         12.5         17.0         20.5         26.0	
Bolt	Measure wear of the bolt shaft.	When the diameter of any part of circumference of the shaft exceeds the size in the table below.	
& Nut		Rated capacity(ton)         0.5         1         2         3         5           Diameter (mm)         3.5         3.5         5.5         5.5         5.5	
for installing	Visually check or use color dyes to find cracks.	When found visually.	Replace
Pad	Visually check or use color dyes to find deformation.	When deformation exceeds 0.5mm.	
	Visually check the installation condition of nut.	When damaged, loose, or come off.	

Item	Inspection method	Limit of use	Remedy
Shackle	Visually check or use color dyes to find cracks. Visually check or measure wear or deformation of Shackle hole and Pin hole. Visually check or measure to find deformation.	When found visually. When the diameter of any part of circumference of any hole exceeds the respective size in the table below. $\frac{\hline Rated capacity(ton)}{\Delta S} \frac{1}{12} \frac{2}{35} \frac{5}{5} \frac{1}{20.5}$ When the deformation exceeds more than 5° from the center line of Main body. $\frac{\hline Main}{\Delta S} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{5} \frac{5}{20.5}$	Replace
L-shape link	Visually check or use color dyes to find deformation. Measure wear or deformation of holes of Pins.	When unusual noise comes out or the movementis not smooth. When the diameter of any one part of circumference of any hole exceeds the respective size in the table below. $\hline \frac{\text{Rated capacity(ton)}}{\text{A} (\text{mm})} \begin{array}{c} 0.5 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ \hline \text{A} (\text{mm}) \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 1.5 \\ 1.5 \\ 10.0 \\ 13.5 \\ 16.5 \\ 20.5 \\ \hline \text{B} (\text{mm}) \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 0.5 \\ 1.5 \\$	Replace
l-shape link	Visually check or use color dyes to find deformation. Measure wear or deformation of holes of Pins	When unusual noise comes out or the movement is not smooth. When the diameter of any one part of circum- ference of any hole $\phi^{A}$ $\phi^{A}$ $\phi^{A}$ exceeds the respective size in the table below. $\underline{Rated capacity(ton)} \begin{array}{c} 0.5 \\ -1 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 2 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ -5 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 5 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 5 \\ -5 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 5 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 5 \\ -5 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 5 \end{array} \end{array}$	Replace
Support Bolt & Nut	Measure wear of the bolt shaft. Visually check or use color dyes to find cracks. Visually check or use color dyes to find deformation. Visually check the installation condition of nut and spring pin.	When the diameter of any part of circumference of the shaft exceeds the size in the table below.         Rated capacity(ton)       0.5       1       2       3       5         Diameter (mm)       9.5       11.5       16.0       19.5       25.0         When found visually.         When deformation exceeds       0.5mm.       more than 0.5mm.         When damaged, loose, or come off.	Replace

Item	Inspection method	Limit of use	Remedy
Connection Pin for Cam	Measure wear of the shaft. Visually check or use color dyes to find deformation.	When the diameter of any part of circumference of the shaft exceeds the size in the table below. $\begin{array}{c c} \hline B & \hline A \\ \hline \hline B & \hline A \\ \hline \hline \hline B & \hline A \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline B & \hline \hline A \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline B \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline \hline B \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline \hline \hline$	Replace
Connection Pin for Link	Measure the frame part for wear. Visually check or use color dyes to find deformation.	When the diameter of any part of circumference of the shaft exceeds the size in the table below. Rated capacity(ton)       0.5       1       2       3       5         Diameter (mm)       6.5       9.0       12.5       15.5       19.5         When deformation exceeds 0.5mm. $More than 0.5mm$	Replace
Spring	Check whether a con- stant initial load always works when Cam is closed. Check normal repulsive force when Cam is opened to the maximum jaw opening. Measure length of spring coils.	<ul> <li>When there is no nomal repulsive force due to deformation, etc., and the movement of Cam and Stopper is not smooth.</li> <li>When there is no nomal repulsive force due to deformation, etc., and the movement of Cam is not smooth.</li> <li>When Spring becomes longer by more than 5%.</li> </ul>	Replace
Stopper	Visually check the top of claw part for wear. Measure wear or deformation of holes of Pins	When the top of claw is worn and Cam is not able to be locked. Wear of the top of claw. When the diameter of any part of circumference of any hole exceeds the respective size in the table below. Rated capacity(ton) 0.5 1 2 3 5 A (mm) 6.7 6.7 9.0 9.0 11.0	Replace